What Is Claimed Is:

- 1. A method for reducing sensed physical variables including the steps of:
- a) generating a plurality of control commands as a function of the sensed physical variables;
- b) generating an estimate of a relationship between the sensed physical variables and the control commands, wherein the estimate is used in said step a) in generating the plurality of control commands;
  - c) sequentially adding a dither signal to each of the plurality of control commands;
  - d) measuring a response to said step c);
  - e) updating the estimate of the relationship based upon said step d).
- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the dither signal added to each of the plurality of control commands in said step c) differs for each control command.
- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the dither signal added to a given control command includes a triangular signal.
- 4. The method of claim 3 further including the step of choosing a direction for the triangular signal in order to avoid saturation for that control command

- 5. The method of claim 1 further including the steps of:
  - f) holding constant the control command to which the dither is added,
- g) updating control commands other than the one to which the dither is added according to the function.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein said step e) is performed only for the control command to which the dither is added.
- 7. The method of claim 1 further including the step of determining a magnitude of the dither signal based upon a current magnitude of the control command to which the dither signal is added.
- 8. The method of claim 1 further including the steps of:

Varying a frequency of the dither signal to be added to each of the plurality of control commands; and

Extracting the information corresponding to each said control command.

- 9. A method for reducing sensed physical variables including the steps of:
- a) generating a plurality of control commands as a function of the sensed physical variables based upon an estimate of a relationship between the sensed physical variables and the control commands;
- b) updating the estimate of the relationship based upon a response by the sensed physical variables; and
- c) varying a size of the update to the estimate in said step b) based upon a magnitude of change over time by at least one of the plurality of control commands.
- 10. The method of claim 9 further including the step of selecting between updating or leaving unchanged the estimate of the relationship based upon a magnitude of change by the plurality of control commands.
- 11. The method of claim 9 further including the step of:
- d) selecting between updating or leaving unchanged the estimate corresponding to a first control command of the plurality of control commands based upon the magnitude of the change in the first control command.
- 12. The method of claim 11 further including the steps of comparing the magnitude of the change to a threshold and varying the threshold based upon an estimate of a signal to noise ratio.

## 13. The method of claim 9 wherein

the estimate of the change in response  $y=\Delta z$  due to a change in control command  $v=\Delta u$  at a specific time  $t_k$  is denoted  $T_k$ ,

where T<sub>k</sub> is updated according to the equations

$$T_{k+1} = T_k + EK^T$$

$$E = y - T_k v$$

$$K = Ov / (1 + v^{T}Ov),$$

the matrix Q is a diagonal matrix with elements  $q_i$ , and the variables  $q_i$  determine the adaptation gain corresponding to the  $i^{th}$  control command.

## 14. The method of claim 13 wherein:

a) each variable  $q_i$  at each time step is set equal to zero or to some nominal value depending on whether  $|v_i| > \delta_i$  where  $|v_i|$  is a magnitude of change in the  $i^{th}$  control command and the variables  $\delta_i$  are the deadzone threshold for channel i.

## 15. The method of claim 13 wherein:

each variable  $q_i$  at each time step is set according to the equation  $q_i = max(q_0, q_v|v_i|^N)$  where  $q_0$  and  $q_v$  are parameters chosen for a particular application,  $|v_i|$  is a magnitude of change in the  $i^{th}$  control command and N is a positive integer.

- 16. A method for reducing sensed physical variables including the steps of:
- a) generating a plurality of control commands as a function of the sensed physical variables based upon an estimate of a relationship between the sensed physical variables and the control commands;
- b) updating the estimate of the relationship based upon a response by the sensed physical variables; and
- c) where the control commands and sensed physical variables are filtered to improve the quality of the estimates prior to said step b).
- 17. The method of claim 16 wherein the control commands are filtered to match a filter that has been applied to the sensed physical variables.
- 18. The method of claim 17 wherein a change in the sensed physical variables  $\Delta z$  is related to a change in the control commands  $\Delta u$  by  $\Delta z = T(\Delta u)$ , the estimate of a sensed physical variable response T is based on  $\Delta u$  and  $\Delta z$ , said method further including the step of filtering  $\Delta u$  to match a known filter on  $\Delta z$
- 19. The method of claim 18 further including the step of low-pass filtering both  $\Delta u$  and  $\Delta z$  to reduce an impact of high-frequency noise on the estimate of T.